



3<sup>rd</sup> Quarter Report September 30, 2015

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS ("MD&A")

The following discussion and analysis is prepared by Management as of November 26, 2015 and should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 ("financial statements for the quarter ended September 30, 2015"), as well as the audited consolidated financial statements and annual MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2014 available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Wescan Goldfields Inc. ("Wescan" or "the Company") prepared its financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2015 in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* using accounting policies consistent with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB"). All currency amounts are quoted in Canadian Dollars, unless otherwise stated.

### Overview

The Company is assessing future options for its portfolio of gold properties in the La Ronge Gold Belt in northern Saskatchewan. No exploration and evaluation expenditures have been incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

Subsequent to September 30, 2015, the Company announced the successful closing of a private placement for gross proceeds of \$210,000 (collectively, the "Offering") (see Wescan News Release dated November 10, 2015).

### Financial Highlights

Selected financial information of the Company for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 is summarized as follows:

	Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 \$	Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 \$	Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 \$	
Interest and other income	-	-	-	-	
Net loss	12,280	14,016	55,750	66,704	
Net loss per share <sup>(1)</sup>	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Total assets	11,976	16,024	11,976	16,024	
Working capital (deficiency)	(373,995)	(658,198)	(373,995)	(658,198)	

(1) Basic and diluted.

### **Results of Operations**

For the quarter ended September 30, 2015 the Company recorded a net loss of \$12,280 (\$0.00 per share) compared to \$14,016 (\$0.00 per share) for the same period in 2014. This decrease of \$1,736 is primarily related to the decrease in administration expenditures incurred compared to the same period in 2014.

### Expenses

Total operating expenses for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 were \$12,280 compared to \$14,016 for the same period in 2014. This decrease of \$1,736 is primarily related to lower administration expenditures incurred compared to the same period in



2014. The Company is currently assessing future options for its portfolio of gold properties and as such no exploration and evaluation expenditures were incurred during the quarters ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

Administration expenses incurred for the quarter ended September 30, 2015 were \$10,840 compared to \$14,016 for the same period in 2014. This \$3,176 decrease was primarily due to lower costs incurred as a result of a concerted effort to reduce costs. Costs in the administration category relate to amortization, insurance, office and equipment rent, office supplies, regulatory requirements and other office related expenses.

Corporate development costs increased to \$1,440 in the second quarter of 2015 compared to \$0 for the same period in 2014 as a result of costs incurred relating to the recent financing activities.

# Financing

During the quarter ended September 30, 2015, the Company announced that it was undertaking a private placement financing. Subsequent to September 30, 2015, the Company announced the successful closing of the Offering, which consisted of 10,500,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.02 per common share, for gross proceeds of \$210,000.

# Year to Date

# **Results of Operations**

For the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the Company recorded a net loss of \$55,750 (\$0.00 per share) compared to a net loss of \$66,704 (\$0.00 per share) for the same period in 2014. This difference was primarily the result of lower administration expenses incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the same period in 2014.

### Expenses

Total expenditures for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were \$55,750 compared to \$66,704 for the same period of 2014. This decrease of \$10,954 is primarily related to the decrease in administration expenses over the same period in 2014.

The Company is currently assessing future options for its portfolio of gold properties and as such no exploration and evaluation expenditures were incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

Administration expense decreased to \$54,310 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$64,691 for the same period in 2014. This \$10,381 decrease was primarily due to lower costs incurred as a result of a concerted effort to reduce costs. Costs in the administration category relate to amortization, insurance, office and equipment rent, office supplies, regulatory requirements and other office related expenses.



Corporate development costs decreased to \$1,440 for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to \$2,013 for the same period of 2014 primarily as a result of efforts to reduce costs.

	2015				2014			
	Qtr 3 \$	Qtr 2 \$	Qtr 1 \$	Qtr 4 \$	Qtr 3 \$	Qtr 2 \$	Qtr 1 \$	Qtr 4 \$
Net loss <sup>(1)</sup>	(12,280)	(26,681)	(16,789)	(18,508)	(14,016)	(36,268)	(16,420)	(102,607)
Net loss/share (2)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.00)	(0.01)
Shares outstanding (3)	26,759,320	26,759,320	26,759,320	26,759,320	19,573,796	19,573,796	19,573,796	19,573,796

### **Summary of Quarterly Results**

(1) The net loss in the fourth quarter of 2013 was higher due to the amount of exploration and evaluation expenditures incurred. The remaining quarters reflect normal operations of the Company.

(2) Basic and diluted.

(3) During the fourth quarter of 2014, the Company issued 7,185,524 common shares pursuant to sharesfor-debt settlement agreements with certain service providers.

### **Related Party Transactions**

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, Mr. Kenneth E. MacNeill (Chief Executive Officer), through his consulting company, waived his management fees. Total compensation paid to officers and to key management and directors of the Company during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 was \$0 (2014 - \$0).

As of September 30, 2015, the Company has entered into demand loan agreements totaling \$74,500 from MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd, a company controlled by a related party. Subsequent to the quarter ended September 30, 2015 the Company paid these demand loans (and interest) to MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd. Annual interest rates on these demand loans were 2.70% - 3.00%.

### Liquidity

The Company currently has no ongoing source of revenue and, as such, is dependent upon the issuance of new equity to finance its ongoing obligations and to advance its exploration properties. Although the Company has been successful in the past in obtaining financing, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to obtain adequate financing in the future or that the terms of such financing will be favorable. Failure to obtain additional financing could result in delay or indefinite postponement of further exploration and development of its projects with the possible loss of such properties.

As at September 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$373,995, compared to a working capital deficiency of \$319,378 at December 31, 2014. Included in this working capital deficiency are \$70,047 of payables and accrued liabilities for 2015 operating activities, 75,815 in demand loans and accrued interest, as well as \$233,730 of accrued liabilities representing estimated amounts to indemnify certain flow-through subscribers as a result of the Company not incurring certain qualifying expenditures by December 31, 2012. Based on the \$373,995 working capital deficiency at September 30, 2015 (which includes the indemnification accrual), the Company does not have sufficient



resources at September 30, 2015 to meet current obligations and finance operating and exploration activities through its 2016 fiscal year, conditions which raise significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Subsequent to September 30, 2015, the Company announced the successful closing of Wescan's Offering for gross proceeds of \$210,000.

### **Capital Resources and Outstanding Share Data**

As at September 30, 2015 the Company had 26,759,320 shares outstanding and 730,000 options with a weighted average exercise price of \$0.32. As at November 26, 2015, the Company's issued and outstanding shares increased by 10,500,000 to 37,259,320 shares due to the recent private placement. Options remained unchanged from September 30, 2015.

### **Financial Instruments**

As at September 30, 2015, the fair value of all of the Company's financial instruments approximates their carrying value. Certain financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks:

### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss by the Company if a customer or third-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's financial instruments that may have credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and receivables. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held by financial institutions with an A (low) credit rating. The Company may invest excess cash, if any, in guaranteed investment certificates until it is required. The Company's receivables are mainly comprised of GST receivable and therefore credit risk is minimal. The Company has gross credit exposure at September 30, 2015 relating to cash and cash equivalents and receivables of \$1,960 (December 31, 2014 - \$6,039).

### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

As at September 30, 2015, the Company is committed to current liabilities of \$379,592 compared to \$326,751 at December 31, 2014 and \$666,237 at September 30, 2014. The decrease from September 30, 2014 is primarily due to shares-for-debt settlements during the fourth quarter of 2014. The shares-for-debt settlements extinguished \$359,276 of the Company's debt for the issuance of 7,185,524 common shares at a price of \$0.05 per share. As at September 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$373,995 and does not have sufficient resources to meet these obligations as they become due. The Company is pursuing options to meet these obligations, to finance the future exploration of its properties as well as for general and administrative expenses of the Company. Financing options may include joint venture arrangements, debt financing, equity financing or other means. There is no assurance that Wescan will be successful in obtaining required financing when needed or at all. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone exploration plans, forfeit rights in



its properties or reduce or terminate its operations. As at September 30, 2015 all of the Company's mineral property claims are in good standing with no requirements to incur further exploration and evaluation costs until 2017.

## Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of four types: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity risk. The Company currently does not have significant exposure to any market risks.

# Accounting Changes

# Future Accounting Changes

At the date of authorization of the financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2015, the IASB has issued the following new Standard which is not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods.

# IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

On July 24, 2014 the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 9 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

### IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 will replace IAS 11, "Construction Contracts" and IAS 18, "Revenue" and related interpretations effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2018. IFRS 15 introduces a new single revenue recognition model for contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time or over time. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 15 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

There are no other IFRSs or IFRIC interpretations that are not yet effective that would be expected to have a material impact on the Company.

# Outlook

The Company has focused previous exploration efforts on its northern Saskatchewan properties with known gold mineralization located in the La Ronge Gold Belt. The Company successfully closed a private placement financing in 2015. The Company's past success in raising flow-through financing during 2011 and 2012 allowed it to perform further exploration work in 2013 on the Company's Jojay, Munro Lake and Jasper gold properties. The Company is assessing future options for these properties. The Company will also continue to evaluate the potential for the acquisition of other mineral properties that fit the Company's strategic direction. The Company will be required to raise additional funds to meet its current commitments as well as for ongoing working capital



requirements. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining required financing when needed or at all.

### **Risks and Uncertainties**

The Company attempts to mitigate risks by identifying, assessing, reporting and managing risks of significance. The following are risks relating to the business of the Company. This information is only a summary of risks currently facing the Company based on its stage of development. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known may also impact the Company's operations. Management's view on risks facing the Company will evolve as the Company's stage of development progresses.

### Risks Associated With a Non-Producing Company

The principal risks faced by the Company during the exploration stage involve: Wescan's ability to obtain financing to further the exploration and development of exploration and evaluation properties in which Wescan holds interests; obtaining the required permits from various federal, provincial and local governmental authorities; and the ultimate economic feasibility of any future development projects.

The further development and exploration of exploration and evaluation properties in which Wescan holds interests or which Wescan acquires may depend upon Wescan's ability to obtain financing through debt financing, equity financing or other means. The Company does not have sufficient funds to put any of its property interests into production from its own financial resources. There is no assurance that Wescan will be successful in obtaining required financing as and when needed. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone development plans, forfeit rights in its properties or reduce or terminate its operations. Reduced liquidity or difficulty in obtaining future financing could have an adverse impact on Wescan's future cash flows, earnings, results of operations and financial condition. The relative prices of applicable commodities and future expectations for such prices have a significant impact on the market sentiment for investment in mining and exploration companies.

The future operations of the Company, including exploration activities and potential development of its properties, require permits from various federal, provincial and local governmental authorities. Failure to comply with applicable laws, regulations, and permitting requirements may result in enforcement actions thereunder, including orders issued by regulatory or judicial authorities causing operations to cease or be curtailed and may include corrective measures requiring capital expenditures, installation of additional equipment, or remedial actions. To the best of the Company's knowledge, it is operating in compliance with all applicable rules and regulations. The Company utilizes qualified individuals, service providers and external consultants and maintains communications with governmental authorities to ensure that the Company is in compliance with all applicable rules.

All of Wescan's exploration and evaluation property interests are currently in the exploration stage and are without a known body of commercial ore. The exploration, development and production of precious metals are capital-intensive, subject to the



normal risks and capital expenditure requirements associated with mining operations. While the rewards can be substantial if commercial quantities of precious metals are found, there can be no assurance that Wescan's past or future exploration efforts will be successful, that any production therefrom will be obtained or continued, or that any such production which is attempted will be profitable. To ensure that exploration procedures are being performed effectively and those results are interpreted and reported in a proper manner, management ensures that qualified individuals, service providers and external consultants are utilized in the verification and quality assurance of analytical results.

### **Technical Information**

All technical information in this report has been prepared under the supervision of Mark Shimell, P.Geo, Vice President of Exploration, Professional Geoscientist in the Province of Saskatchewan, and is the Company's "Qualified Person" under the definition of National Instrument 43-101.

### **Caution Regarding Forward-looking Information**

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of certain securities laws, including the "safe harbour" provisions of Canadian Securities legislation and the United States Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The words "may," "could," "should," "would," "suspect," "outlook," "believe," "plan," "anticipate," "estimate," "expect," "intend," and words and expressions of similar import are intended to identify forward-looking statements, and, in particular, statements regarding Wescan's future operations, future exploration and development activities or other development plans contain forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this MD&A include, but are not limited to, the ability to raise funds to meet commitments and pursue exploration activities, the use of such funds, future plans for the Jojay, Jasper and Munro Lake properties and the acquisition and exploration of additional properties.

These forward-looking statements are based on Wescan's current beliefs as well as assumptions made by and information currently available to it and involve inherent risks and uncertainties, both general and specific. Risks exist that forward-looking statements will not be achieved due to a number of factors including, but not limited to, developments in world gold markets, risks relating to fluctuations in the Canadian dollar and other currencies relative to the US dollar, changes in exploration, development or mining plans due to exploration results and changing budget priorities of Wescan, the effects of competition in the markets in which Wescan operates, the impact of changes in the laws and regulations regulating mining exploration and development, judicial or regulatory judgments and legal proceedings and operational risks and the additional risks described in Wescan's most recently filed annual and interim MD&A, news releases and technical reports. Wescan's anticipation of and success in managing the foregoing risks could cause actual results to differ materially from what is anticipated in such forwardlooking statements.

Although management considers the assumptions contained in forward-looking statements to be reasonable based on information currently available to it, those assumptions may prove to be incorrect. When making decisions with respect to Wescan, investors and others should not place undue reliance on these statements and should carefully consider the foregoing factors and other uncertainties and potential events. Unless required by applicable securities law, Wescan does not undertake to update any forward-looking statement that may be made.

Further information relating to the Company has been filed on SEDAR and may be viewed at www.sedar.com.

### WESCAN GOLDFIELDS INC. Unaudited Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements

For the Three and Nine months ended September 30, 2015

# **Notice to Reader**

Management has compiled the unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Wescan Goldfields Inc. for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 (along with the comparative interim periods in 2014). The Company's external auditors have not reviewed these statements.

### Wescan Goldfields Inc. Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

		(In Canadi	an dol	llars)
	Sep	tember 30,	De	ecember 31,
		2015		2014
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,127	\$	5,146
Receivables		833		893
Prepaids		3,637		1,334
		5,597		7,373
Property and equipment (note 7)		6,379		7,512
	\$	11,976	\$	14,885
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Payables and accrued liabilities (note 8)	\$	303,777	\$	316,711
Loans payable (note 9)		75,815		10,040
		379,592		326,751
Environmental rehabilitation provision		75,520		75,520
Shareholders' equity:				
Share capital		20,073,519		20,073,519
Warrants		-		144,200
Contributed surplus		2,316,716		2,172,516
Deficit	(	22,833,371)		(22,777,621)
		(443,136)		(387,386)
	\$	11,976	\$	14,885

Going concern (note 3)

### Wescan Goldfields Inc.

### Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

(unaudited)

	(In Canadian dollars) Three Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014			(In Canadian dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015 2014			nded	
		2013		2014		2013		2014
Income								
Interest and other	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Expenses								
Exploration and evaluation (note 10)		-		-		-		-
Administration		10,840		14,016		54,310		64,691
Corporate development		1,440		0		1,440		2,013
		12,280		14,016		55,750		66,704
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$	(12,280)	\$	(14,016)	\$	(55,750)	\$	(66,704)
Net loss and comprehensive loss per share								
Basic and diluted	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)	\$	(0.00)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding		26,759,320		19,573,796		26,759,320		19,573,796

# Wescan Goldfields Inc.

### **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows**

(unaudited)

	(In Canadian dollars) Nine Months Ended September 30,			
		-	ber 30,	
		2015		2014
Cash provided by (used in):				
Operations:				
Net loss and comprehensive loss	\$	(55,750)	\$	(66,704)
Non-cash items:				
Amortization		1,133		1,419
Net change in non-cash operating working capital items:				
Receivables		60		5,528
Prepaids		(2,303)		(408)
Payables and accrued liabilities		(12,934)		37,387
Accrued interest on loans payable		1,275		-
		(68,519)		(22,778)
Investing:				
Property and equipment		-		-
		-		-
Financing:				
Demand loan from related party (note 9)		64,500		-
		64,500		-
Decrease in cash position		(4,019)		(22,778)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period		5,146		26,072
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$	1,127	\$	3,294
Cash and cash equivalents consists of:				
Cash	\$	1,127	\$	3,294
See accompanying notes to consolidated financial statements	\$	1,127	\$	3,294

### Wescan Goldfields Inc.

### **Condensed Interim Consolidated Statements of Financial Position**

(unaudited)

	(In Canadian dollars)						
		Year Ended					
	September 30,			D	December 31,		
		2015		2014		2014	
Share capital (note 11)							
Balance, beginning of period	\$	20,073,519	\$	19,716,664	\$	19,716,664	
Share for debt settlements		-		-		359,276	
Share issue costs		-	_	-		(2,421)	
Balance, end of period	\$	20,073,519	\$	19,716,664	\$	20,073,519	
Warrants (note 11)							
Balance, beginning of period	\$	144,200	\$	144,200	\$	144,200	
Issued		-		-		-	
Expired		(144,200)		-		-	
Balance, end of period	\$	-	\$	144,200	\$	144,200	
Contributed surplus (note 11)							
Balance, beginning of period	\$	2,172,516	\$	2,172,516	\$	2,172,516	
Share-based payments		-		-		-	
Warrants expired		144,200		-		-	
Broker warrants expired		-				-	
Balance, end of period	\$	2,316,716	\$	2,172,516	\$	2,172,516	
Deficit							
Balance, beginning of period	\$	(22,777,621)	\$	(22,692,409)	\$	(22,692,409)	
Net and comprehensive loss		(55,750)		(66,704)		(85,212)	
Balance, end of period	\$	(22,833,371)	\$	(22,759,113)	\$	(22,777,621)	
Total Shareholders' Equity	\$	(443,136)	\$	(725,733)	\$	(387,386)	

# WESCAN GOLDFIELDS INC.

Notes to the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial Statements For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 (In Canadian dollars)

#### 1. Corporate information

Wescan Goldfields Inc. was originally incorporated as Shore Resources Inc. under the *Business Corporations Act* of Alberta on January 17, 2003 and by amended articles dated April 2, 2004 changed its name to Wescan Goldfields Inc. ("Wescan" or the "Company"). Substantially all of the Company's efforts are directed to the exploration and future development of its current exploration properties. Wescan is located at  $300 - 224 4^{th}$  Avenue South, Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, Canada.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

The condensed interim consolidated financial statements of Wescan for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2015 were authorized for issue by the Company's Audit Committee on, November 26, 2015. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard ("IAS") 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* and do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements. The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except as disclosed, using the Company's functional currency of Canadian dollars.

#### 3. Going concern

These financial statements are prepared on the assumption that the Company will continue as a going concern and realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. Management is aware, in making its going concern assessment, of material uncertainties related to events and conditions that cast significant doubt upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. At September 30, 2015, the Company had an accumulated deficit of \$22,833,371 a shareholders' deficit of \$443,136 and a working capital deficiency of \$373,995 and, as discussed in note 14, does not have sufficient resources to meet current obligations and finance operating and exploration activities through its 2016 fiscal year. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern and fund future exploration of its properties as well as general and administrative expenses in an orderly manner will require further equity issues or other forms of financings. There is no assurance that the Company will be successful in obtaining required financing at an acceptable cost as and when needed or at all. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone exploration plans, forfeit rights in its properties or reduce or terminate its operations.

These financial statements do not include any adjustments to carrying values and classification of asset amounts and liabilities, reported expense and the statement of financial position classifications used, that would be necessary if the going concern assumption were not appropriate.

#### 4. Summary of significant accounting policies

The accounting policies applied by the Company in these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are the same as those disclosed in Note 4 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. Accordingly, the condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### 5. Use of estimates and judgment

In preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, the significant judgments made by management applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty are the same as those disclosed in note 5 of the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014. In particular, the significant areas of estimation uncertainty considered by management in preparing the consolidated financial statements are: reserve and resource estimation, impairment of exploration and evaluation assets, environmental rehabilitation provisions, recovery of deferred tax assets and share-based payment transactions.

### 6. International financial reporting standards ("IFRS"), amendments and interpretations

### (a) IFRS standards, amendments and interpretations issued and effective

At the date of authorization of these consolidated financial statements, the IASB has issued the following new Standards which is not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods.

#### *i.* IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments

On July 24, 2014 the IASB issued the final version of IFRS 9, bringing together the classification and measurement, impairment and hedge accounting phases of the IASB's project to replace IAS 39, "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", and all previous versions of IFRS 9. IFRS 9 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 9 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

#### *ii.* IFRS 15 – Revenue from contracts with customers

IFRS 15 will replace IAS 11, "Construction Contracts" and IAS 18, "Revenue" and related interpretations effective for annual periods commencing on or after January 1, 2018. IFRS 15 introduces a new single revenue recognition model for contracts with customers and two approaches to recognizing revenue: at a point in time or over time. The Company does not intend to early adopt IFRS 15 and has not yet fully evaluated the impact of this new standard.

#### 7. Property and equipment

The Company's property and equipment are comprised of the following:

	Computer Software	Computer Equipment	Furniture and Equipment	Total
Cost				
Balance – December 31, 2014	\$ 2,234	\$ 348	\$ 36,925	\$ 39,507
Acquisitions	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-
Balance – September 30, 2015	\$ 2,234	\$ 348	\$ 36,925	\$ 39,507
	Computer	Computer	Furniture and	
	Software	Equipment	Equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation			• •	
Balance – December 31, 2014	\$ (2,234)	\$ (269)	\$ (29,492)	\$ (31,995)
Charge for the nine month	_	(18)	(1,115)	(1,133)
period				
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	-	-
Balance – September 30, 2015	\$ (2,234)	\$ (287)	\$ (30,607)	\$ (33,128)
			Furniture	
	Computer	Computer	and	
	Software	Equipment	Equipment	Total
Net book value				
Balance – December 31, 2014	\$ -	\$ 79	\$ 7,433	\$ 7,512
Balance – September 30, 2015	\$ -	\$ 61	\$ 6,318	\$ 6,379

#### 8. Payables and accrued liabilities

A summary of the payables and accrued liabilities is as follows:

	September 30,	December 31,
	2015	2014
Trade payables and accrued liabilities	\$ 70,047	\$ 82,981
Accrued liabilities relating to 2011 flow-through financing (a)	233,730	233,730
Balance - end of year	\$ 303,777	\$ 316,711

a. In December 2011, the Company issued flow-through shares for gross proceeds of \$1,000,000. At December 31, 2012, the Company had not spent all amounts related to this flow-through offering. The Company had provided an indemnification to subscribers of flow-through shares in an amount equal to the income tax that would be payable by subscribers in the event, and as a consequence, of the Company not incurring and renouncing qualifying expenditures as required under the subscription agreement. The Company is liable for any tax that will be payable by subscribers as a result of not incurring certain qualifying expenditures by December 31, 2012. At December 31, 2012 the Company recorded a liability of \$210,000, representing the estimated amount payable to indemnify the subscribers for the reduced renunciations. The Company has accrued \$23,730 in interest relating to this accrued liability.

#### 9. Loan payable

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015 the Company entered into demand loan agreements in the amount of \$64,500 (December 31, 2014 - \$10,000) from MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd. a company controlled by a related party, for general administrative expenses and payment of certain outstanding payables. Total demand loans at September 30, 2015 are \$74,500 (December 31, 2014 - \$10,000), excluding accrued interest. The annual interest rates on these demand loans are 2.85% - 3.00 %. Accrued interest as of September 30, 2015 is \$1,315 (December 31, 2014 - \$40).

#### 10. Exploration and evaluation expenses

The Company is assessing future options for its portfolio of gold properties. No exploration and evaluation expenditures have been incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014.

#### 11. Share capital and reserves

The authorized share capital of the Company consists of an unlimited number of common shares. As at September 30, 2015 the Company had 26,759,320 shares outstanding. No common shares were issued during the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

#### Nature and purpose of reserves

#### Warrant reserve

On certain issues of common shares, the Company has issued warrants entitling the holder to acquire additional common shares of the Company. The warrant reserve is used to recognize the fair value of outstanding warrants. If the warrant is exercised or expires the fair value is transferred to share capital or contributed surplus, respectively. No warrants were issued during the nine months ended September 30, 2015. During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, 5,150,000 warrants at a weighted average price of \$0.10 expired.

#### Contributed Surplus

Contributed surplus is used to recognize the fair value of equity-settled share-based payment transactions. The fair value of these securities is added to contributed surplus over the vesting period of the securities. Upon exercise, the corresponding fair value related to the security is removed from contributed surplus and added to share capital. Should the security go unexercised, the fair value will remain in contributed surplus. The fair value of warrants and broker warrants related to securities that go unexercised is transferred out of the respective reserves into contributed surplus.

#### 12. Share-based payments

The Company has established a share option plan, as approved by the shareholders, whereby options may be granted to directors, officers, employees and service providers to purchase common shares of the Company. Options granted have an exercise price of not less than the closing price quoted on the stock exchange on which the shares are traded on the day prior to the date on which the options were granted. Certain options vest immediately while others vest up to twenty-four months after grant date and all options granted under the plan expire five years from the date of the grant of the options. All options are to be settled by physical delivery of shares.

At September 30, 2015, total options outstanding were 730,000 (2014 - 1,010,000) at a weighted average exercise price of \$0.32 (2014 - \$0.46). Options outstanding at September 30, 2015 have exercise prices that range from \$0.10 to \$1.00 (2014 - \$0.10 to \$1.00) and a weighted average contractual life of 2.2 years (2014 - 3.0 years). The options expire between the dates of December 2016 and March 2018.

#### 13. Related party transactions

#### Related party transactions with key management personnel

Key management personnel are persons responsible for planning, directing, and controlling the activities of an entity, and include executive and non-executive directors. The Company pays or has paid certain of its key management personnel through companies owned by certain executive officers and directors. Those companies are as follows:

MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2015, certain of its key management personnel waived their management and consulting fees. Total compensation paid to key management personnel, including amounts paid or payable to related parties owned by key management personnel, executive officers and directors, was \$0 (2014 - \$0).

As of September 30, 2015 the Company has entered into demand loan agreements of \$74,500 from MacNeill Brothers Oil and Gas Ltd. a company controlled by a related party, for general administrative expenses and payment of certain outstanding payables. Annual interest rates on these demand loans are 2.70% - 3.00 %.

#### 14. Financial instruments

Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the fair value hierarchy for financial instruments that require fair value measurement after initial recognition. The classification of each financial instrument is described in note 4 of the December 31, 2014 consolidated financial statements.

The carrying amounts for cash and cash equivalents, receivables, and trade payables approximate their fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. These financial instruments are carried at amortized costs.

The Company does not have any financial instruments measured at fair value.

#### Risk management

Certain financial instruments are exposed to the following financial risks:

#### (a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of an unexpected loss by the Company if a customer or third-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. The Company's financial instruments that may have credit risk consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents and receivables. The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held by a financial institution with an A (low) credit rating. The Company may invest excess cash, if any, in guaranteed investment certificates until it is required. The Company's receivables are mainly comprised of GST receivable and therefore credit risk is minimal. The Company has gross credit exposure at September 30, 2015 relating to cash and cash equivalents and receivables of 1,960 (December 31, 2014 - 6,039).

#### (b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

As at September 30, 2015, the Company is committed to current liabilities of \$379,592. As at September 30, 2015, the Company had a working capital deficiency of \$373,995. Based on these obligations, the Company does not have sufficient resources to meet these obligations as they become due.

The Company is pursuing options to meet these obligations, to finance the future exploration of its properties as well as for general and administrative expenses of the Company. Financing options may include joint venture arrangements, debt financing, equity financing or other means. There is no assurance that Wescan will be successful in obtaining required financing when needed or at all. Failure to obtain additional financing on a timely basis may cause the Company to postpone exploration plans, forfeit rights in its properties or reduce or terminate its operations.

#### (c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk is comprised of four types: foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, commodity price risk and equity risk. The Company currently does not have significant exposure to any market risks.

#### 15. Subsequent events

Subsequent to September 30, 2015, the Company announced the successful closing of the Offering, which consisted of 10,500,000 common shares of the Company at a price of \$0.02 per Common Share, for gross proceeds of \$210,000.

# WESCAN GOLDFIELDS INC.



### **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

#### **Head Office**

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#### Directors

Kenneth E. MacNeill Harvey J. Bay Val L. Michasiw Gary L. Billingsley

#### Officers

Kenneth E. MacNeill – Chief Executive Officer Greg P. Shyluk – Chief Financial Officer Mark A. Shimell – Vice President, Exploration

> Solicitors Bennett Jones LLP Calgary, Alberta

### Auditors

KPMG, LLP Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

#### Bank

Canadian Western Bank Saskatoon, Saskatchewan

### **Exchange Listing**

TSX Venture Exchange 37,259,320 common shares issued and outstanding as at November 26, 2015

Trading Symbol: WGF

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Email: info@wescangoldfields.com